





Our Exam PDF Will Make Your Revision Ease And To Score High Marks As We Highly Recommend You To Follow Mini Mock PracticePDF

Thanks for choosing **DreamBigInstitution.com** If you like our services, kindly suggest our site DreamBigInstitution.com to all your friends.

Dream Big Institution Launched Brand New Mobile App & Test Series Portal For Our Harworking Aspirants.

App name: "Dream Big Institution"

- ✓ **500**+Competitive Exams Covered
- ✓ **45000+** Mock Test Series
- ✓ Daily **Free Quizzes** & Current Affairs
- ✓ Available in **Bilingual Languages**
- ✓ Performance Analysis Tool
- ✓ Exam Report Check By Our Educators
- ✓ Free Gudiance & Many More Available in the App in *Google Play store*.







Mini Mock Practice PDF for IBPS PO Exams

Level: Easy to Moderate
Mini Mock Practice PDF by - DreamBigInstitution.com

English Section

In the following passage, some of the words have been left out, each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.

In any strong (1) context, any intercaste, interreligious or interregional marriage faces opposition from different sections of society. But there is a difference in the three categories.

Interregional marriages, for example, are considered relatively less objectionable. Such marriages between two persons belonging culturally different to regions (2) to be organised around common life that is shared by the spouses on the grounds that it offers modern based culture on autonomy individuality. In that respect, it looks progressive to some, but it does not go far enough in terms of its (3) These marriages, though forming into modern culture, still have a narrow social base. Meaning. these marriages arguably happen within and between twice-born castes.

Arguably, the opposition to interregional marriages is not (4) because the social background in most of the cases is the same. The opposition to inter-caste marriages is continuous and is much violent, leading to physical more elimination through both active and passive murder. The crime of murder acquires an active character when the couple is murdered by the parents from either side. The murder acquires a passive character when the couple is (5) to a decision such as suicide. It is quite ironic that the state promotion of such marriages, particularly between lower-caste and upper-caste persons, runs contrary to the patriarchal power that regulates matrimonial relations through jati panchayat or caste associations.







1) In any strong (1) context, any inter-caste, interreligious or interregional marriage faces opposition from different sections of society.

A.patriarchal

B.repeal

C.clout

D.incompetence

E.None of these

2) Such marriages between two persons belonging to culturally different regions (2) to be organised around common life that is shared by the spouses on the grounds that it offers modern culture based on autonomy and individuality.

A.blaze

B.seem

C.sway

D.rescind

E.None of these

3) In that respect, it looks progressive to some, but it does not go far enough in terms of its (3)

A.sway

B.compel

C.abrogate

D.deleterious

E.None of these

4) Arguably, the opposition to interregional marriages is not (4) because the social background in most of the cases is the same.

A.stiff

B.flurry

C.deplete

D.detrimental

E.None of these

5) The murder acquires a passive character when the couple is (5) to a decision such as suicide.

A.besiege

B.expend

C.impel

D.abetted

E.None of these







Answers

1) Answer: A

In the given sentence, only 'patriarchal' makes it grammatically as well as contextually correct.

Option A): is the correct alternative among the following as 'patriarchal' fit here both grammatically and contextually

Option B): is incorrect as repeal means revoke or annul (a law or act of parliament) which does not make any sense here.

Option C): is incorrect as clout means a heavy blow with the hand or a hard object.

Option D): is incorrect as incompetence does not fit here contextually. It means inability to do something successfully; ineptitude.

2) Answer: B

In the given sentence, only 'seem' makes it grammatically as well as contextually correct.

Option A): is incorrect because blaze means a very large or fiercely burning fire which does not fit here.

Option B): is the correct alternative among the following as seem means give the impression of being something or having a particular quality which fit here both grammatically and contextually

Option C): is incorrect as sway means move or cause to move slowly or rhythmically backwards and forwards or from side to side.

Option D): is incorrect as rescind means revoke, cancel, or repeal (a law, order, or agreement) which does not fit here contextually.

3) Answer: E







In the given sentence, only 'radicalness' makes it grammatically as well as contextually correct.

Option A): is incorrect because sway means move or cause to move slowly or rhythmically backwards and forwards or from side to side which does not fit here.

Option B): is incorrect as compel means force or oblige (someone) to do something which does not make any sense here.

Option C): is incorrect as 'abrogate' does not fit here. It means repeal or do away with (a law, right, or formal agreement).

Option D): is incorrect as deleterious does not fit here contextually. It means causing harm or damage.

4) Answer: A

In the given sentence, only 'stiff' makes it grammatically as well as contextually correct.

Option A is the correct alternative among the following as stiff perfectly fits in the blank both grammatically and contextually. It means rigid or firm.

Option B is incorrect as flurry means a small swirling mass of something, especially snow or leaves, moved by sudden gusts of wind which does not make any sense here.

Option C is incorrect because deplete means use up the supply or resources of.

Option D is incorrect because detrimental means tending to cause harm which is contextually wrong.

5) Answer: D

In the given sentence, only 'abetted' makes it grammatically as well as contextually correct.

Option A): is incorrect because besiege means surround (a place) with armed forces in order to capture it or force its surrender which does not fit here.







Option B): is incorrect as expend means spend or use up (a resource such as money or energy) which does not make any sense here.

Option C): is incorrect as 'impel' does not fit here. It means drive, force, or urge (someone) to do something.

Option D): is the correct alternative among the following as 'abetted' fit here both grammatically and contextually. It means encourage or assist (someone) to do something wrong, in particular to commit a crime.

Reasoning Section

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H live on eight different floors of a hostel, but not necessarily in the same order. The ground floor is numbered one and the floor above it is numbered two, and so on. The topmost floor is numbered eight. Each of them studies in different classes viz. V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI and XII, but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them is studying in three different schools namely Del Public School, National Public School and Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan, but not more than three in the same school. Each of them likes different colors, viz. Green, Red, Yellow, Blue, Pink, Orange, Black and Wte, but not necessarily in the same order.

B likes Yellow. C likes Red and study in Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan only with A. F

likes Orange. G and H study in the same school. Those who study in the school of Del Public School do not like Wte. The one who studies in VI lives on an evennumbered floor, but not on floor number 8. Only two persons live between F and the one who studies in VI. Only three person lives between F and the one who studies in IX. Only two person lives between C and D. A lives immediately below F. Only two persons live between E and A. B lives on an even-numbered floor and immediately above C. The one who studies in VIII lives on an even-numbered floor and live immediately above the person who studies in XII. C does not study in IX or XII. Only two persons live between H and the one who studies in V. The one who studies in X does not live on an even-numbered floor. H study in XI. The







one who likes Blue lives above to the one who likes Wte. D does not like Green. E does not study in National Public School. The one who studies in the school Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan likes Blue color. F and B study in the same school but not with E who does not like Black. G does not like Black and Green.

Q-1 Who among the following lives on floor 5 and studies in wch school?

- (1) D National Public School
- (2) C National Public School
- (3) G Del Public School
- (4) E Del Public School
- (5) None of these

Q-2 Which of the following classes does A studies and likes which color?

- (1) VIII Orange
- (2) XII Orange
- (3) VII Blue
- (4) XI Black
- (5) None of these

Q-3 Who among the following studies in X?

- (1) B
- (2) C
- (3) H
- (4) D
- (5) None of these

Q-4 Who among the following lives between the one who studies in XI and the one who likes Orange?

- (1) B
- (2) C
- (3) D
- (4) F
- (5) A

Q-5 Which of the following is correct?

- (1) 4-C-V-Pink- Del Public School
- (2) 7-H-VIII-Blue- Bhartiya Vidya Bhayan
- (3) 5-E-XII-Green-Bhartiya Vidya







$SUPER\ Quality\ Mock\ Test\ \&\ Quizzes\ At: \underline{Testseries.DreamBigInstitution.com}$

Bhavan

(4) 3-B-VI-Yellow-National Public School

(5) 4-D-VI-Wte-National Public School

Answers

8	G	VIII	Pink	Delhi Public School
7	F	XII	Orange	National Public School
6	A	VII	Blue	Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan
5	Н	XI	Black	Delhi Public School
4	D	VI	White	National Public School
3.	E	1X	Green	Delhi Public School
2	В	V	Yellow	National Public School
1	C	X	Red	Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan

8	G	VIII	ग्लाबी	दिल्ली पव्लिक स्कूल
7	F	XII	नारंगी	नेशनल पव्लिक स्कृत
6	Α	VII	नीला	भारतीय विदया भवन
5	Н	XI	काली	दिल्ली पब्लिक स्कुल
4	D	VI	सफेद	नेशनल पहिलक स्कूल
3	E	IX	हरा	दिल्ली पहिलक स्कुल
2	В	V	पीला	नेशनल पब्लिक स्कूल
1	C	X	নান	भारतीय विदया भवन

Q-1.(5)

Q-2.(3)

Q-3.(2)

Q-4.(5)

Q-5.(5)



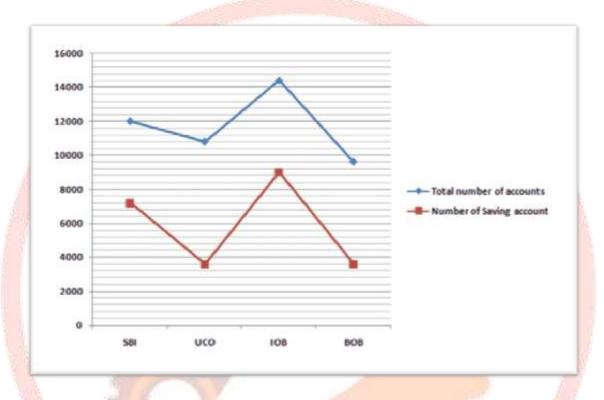




Quantitative Aptitude Section

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

The given line graph shows the total number of accounts (Saving + Current) and the number of saving accounts in four different banks.



1) What is the ratio of the number of saving accounts in UCO to the number of current accounts in SBI?

A.2:3

B.3:4

C.4:5

D.5:6

E.None of these

2) The total number of accounts in Indian Bank is 5/4 of the total number of accounts in IOB. If the number of current accounts in Indian bank is equal to the number of current accounts in UCO bank, then find the number of saving accounts in Indian bank?







$SUPER\ Quality\ Mock\ Test\ \&\ Quizzes\ At: \underline{Testseries.DreamBigInstitution.com}$

A .11200	A .1500
B .11000	B .1600
C .10800	C .1700
D .10600	D .1800
E.10400	E.1900
3) The number of current accounts in BOM is equal to the average number of current accounts in SBI, IOB and BOB. If the ratio of the number of current and saving accounts in BOM is 4:5, then find the number of saving accounts in BOM? A.6750 B.6760 C.6780 D.6790 E.None of these 4) What is the difference between the number of saving accounts in SBI and the number of current accounts in	5) If 50% of the current accounts in UCO is deactivated and 20% of the saving accounts in BOB is deactivated, then find the number of active accounts in UCO and BOB, if all the number of saving accounts in UCO bank and current accounts in BOB bank are activated? A.12060 B.13200 C.14400 D.15010 E.16080
IOB?	







Answers:

1) Answer: B

Required ratio = 3600:(12000 - 7200)

= 3:4

2) Answer: C

Number of accounts in Indian bank = 5/4 * 14400 = 18000

Number of current accounts in Indian bank = 10800 - 3600 = 7200

Number of saving accounts in Indian bank = 18000 - 7200 = 10800

3) Answer: A

Number of current accounts in SBI = 12000 - 7200 = 4800

Number of current accounts in IOB = 14400 - 9000 = 5400

Number of current accounts in BOB = 9600 - 3600 = 6000

Number of current accounts in BOM = (4800 + 5400 + 6000)/3 = 5400

Number of saving accounts in BOM = 5/4 * 5400 = 6750

4) Answer: D

Number of current accounts in IOB = 14400 - 9000 = 5400

Required difference = 7200 - 5400 = 1800

5) Answer: E

Required total = 3600 + (10800 - 3600) * 50/100 + 3600 * 80/100 + (9600 - 3600)







= 16080

All the Best for Your Exams!!!

Suggestions & Feedback are welcomed

DreamBigInstitution@gmail.com

